

A comparison and contrast of UK & South-East Asian Universities, Introduction to the Program & Inter-disciplinary Research

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## UK / Britain

- England
- ♦ Scotland
- Northern Ireland
- Wales

- ♦ Britain
- ♦ UK

Population ~66 million





## Number of universities

UK

**♦** 100+

South-East Asia

**♦** 400+



## Private universities

UK

South-East Asia

◆ 1 (another soon to start)Buckingham University

Many

(but all universities act commercially)



## New universities?

UK

South-East Asia

 Several in recent years, including former Polytechnics  Several in recent years, including Rajabhat Universities, Nottingham



## Oldest university

UK

South-East Asia

Oxford University 1190?

◆ 2<sup>nd</sup> oldest =
 Cambridge University
 1206?

- ChulalongkornUniversity, Thailand
  - ~1917
  - University of Indonesia 1851



## Types of UK universities

- ♦ Ancient (Oxford, Cambridge)
- ♦ Old (e.g. Edinburgh, Durham)
- ♦ "Red-brick" (e.g. Birmingham, Manchester, Leeds, Liverpool)
- ♦ New
  - (a) 1960's (e.g. York, Lancaster, Sussex)
  - (b) former polytechnics (e.g Oxford Brookes, Huddersfield)

Government Policies and their evolution



# Number of students in each university

UK

South-East Asia

**♦** 5,000-30,000

**♦** 5,000-30,000

Open University180,000inc 25,000 overseas

Open Universities many students



# Number of foreign students

UK

South-East Asia

Many ~12%(and increasing)

Some, more in Malaysia



## Degrees

#### UK

- ♦ Bachelors
- Masters
- Doctorate
- ◆ Professional
- Vocational

#### South-East Asia

- ♦ Bachelors
- Masters
- Doctorates
- ♦ Some Vocational



#### Doctorate

UK

South-East Asia

- Little taught input
- Research focus
- Students independent
- ♦ 3 year full-time
- ♦ 6 years part-time

- Considerable taught input
- Students supported
- **♦** Time =



## Expectations that students will...

UK

South-East Asia

Question, debate and challenge

**♦** ....



## University academics

UK

South-East Asia

- ♦ Not civil servants
- Not government employees
- Employed by the university

Mixture

Visiting Scholars



# "Style"

UK

South-East Asia

All have both teaching and research role (but will change?)

Increasingly working with Industry

- Mainly teaching universities, with some research
- Industry participation selective



## Key issue in UK universities currently

Increase in student fees
2011 starters = ~ £3,000 per year
2012 starters = ~ £9,000 per year

♦ Student loans

◆ Universities can set fee up to maximum of £9,000; most have chosen £9,000



## Interdisciplinary Research

♦ We define interdisciplinary research as occurring where the contributions of the various disciplines are integrated to provide holistic or systemic outcomes



### Why Inter-disciplinary Research

- Need driven by demand for quicker innovation
- the nature of the subject is interdisciplinary (e.g. transport, environment)
- Sharing resources and optimisation
- Wider investigative base
- Increased attraction to funders



#### The Process

- ♦ Iterative steps with strategies and criteria
- ◆ Investigative framework and questions
- Identifying relevant disciplines, theories, methods, phenomena, literature
- Evaluating disciplinary insights
- Reconciling and integrating disciplinary insights
- Reflecting, communicating, testing



## The Value

- Strategic value
- Bringing together disciplinary methodologies
- Structured & Shared Goals
- Seeks to integrate diverse insights
- ♦ Increased commercialization
- relevant to policy making in complex areas
- ♦ Faster delivery



#### Skills needed by interdisciplinary researchers

- flexibility, adaptability, creativity
- curiosity about, and willingness to learn from, other disciplines
- an open mind to ideas coming from other disciplines and experiences
- good communication and listening skills
- an ability to bridge the gap between theory and practice
- a good team worker